GAS SENSOR MQ-303A for ALCOHOL DETECTION

- * High sensitivity
- * Low power consumption
- * Miniature-size

The MQ-303A is a tin dioxide semiconductor gas sensor which has a high sensitivity to alcohol with guick response speed. This model is suitable for alcohol detection such as portable breath alcohol checker or ignition locking system in automobiles.

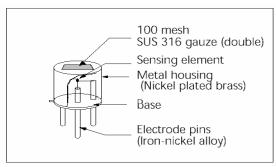
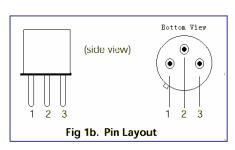


Fig 1a. Configuration

Structure

Gas sensitive semiconductor material is a mini bead type and a heater coil and electrode wire are embedded in the element. The sensing element is installed in the metal housing which uses double stainless steel mesh (100 mesh) in the path of gas flow. The mesh is an anti-explosion feature (Fig 1).



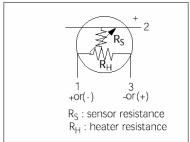
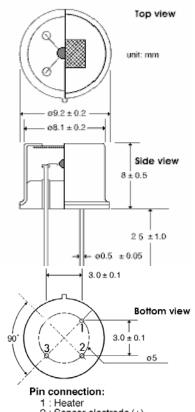


Fig 1c. Equivalent circuit

Operating conditions

Fig 2 shows the standard operating circuit for this model. The change of the sensor resistance (R_S) is obtained as the change of the output voltage across the fixed or variable resistor (RL). In order to obtain the best performance and specified characteristics, the values of the heater voltage (V_H) circuit voltage (V_C) and load resistance (R_L) must be within the range of values given in the standard operating conditions shown in the Specification table on the next page. Generally, the sensor enters into normal working conditions after several minutes' preheating, If you connect the sensor heater with a high voltage 2.2 ± 0.20V for 5-10 sec before normal testing, the sensor shall stabilize and enter into normal working conditions quickly.

Structure and Dimensions:



Sensor electrode (+)

E-mail: sensor@371.net

2 : Sensor 3 : Heater

Sensitivity characteristics

Fig 3 shows the sensitivity characteristics curves of the MQ-303A (typical data). Sensitivity characteristics of the gas sensors are expressed by the relationship between the sensor resistance and gas concentration. The sensor resistance decreases with an increase of gas concentration based on a logarithmic function.

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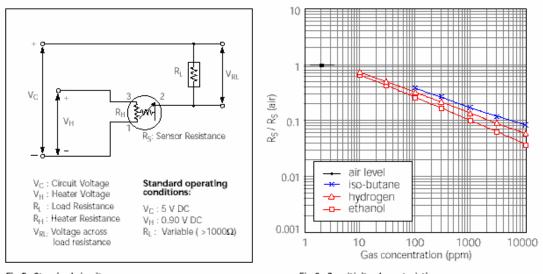


Fig 2. Standard circuit

Fig 3. Sensitivity characteristics

A. Standard Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.	
Vн	Heater voltage	0.9V ± 0.10V	AC or DC	
V _C	Circuit voltage	Less than 6 V	DC (polarity is important)	
R _L	Load resistance	Variable	P S < 10 mW	
R _H	Heater resistance	$4.5~\Omega\pm0.5~\Omega$	at room temperature	
I _H	Heater current	Less than 130 mA	I _H = V _H / R _H (typical value)	
P _H	Heater power consumption	Less than 130 mW	$PH = V_H^2/R_H$ (typical value)	
Ps	Power dissipation of sensing element	Less than 10 mW	Ps=(Vc-VRL) ² /Rs	

B. Environmental conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.
Tao	Operating temperature	-10 °C to 50 °C	
Tas	Storage temp	-20 ° C to 70 ° C	
RH	Relative humidity	Less than 70% RH	
(O2)	Oxygen concentration	21%±1%(Standard condition)	Absolute minimum level: more then 18%
		The sensitivity characteristics are influenced by the variation in oxygen concentration.	

C. Sensitivity characteristics

Model	MQ-303A (tentative specifications)				
Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.		
Rs	Sensor resistance	(20kΩ to 200 kΩ)	at ethanol 300 ppm		
β	Sensitivity	(0.50 ± 0.15)	Rs (at ethanol 300 ppm) / Rs (at ethanol 50 ppm)		
Standard	(in clea	ty: 65% ± 5% V н : 0.9 V ± 1%			

D. Mechanical characteristics

Items	Conditions	Specifications	
Vibration	Frequency: 100 cpm Vertical amplitude: 4 mm Duration: 1 hour	Should satisfy the specifications shown in the sensitivity characteristics.	
Shock	Acceleration: 100G Number of impacts: 5 times		